- --8. A method for differentiating the seeds of the plant species of *Cyamopsis tetragonolobus* and *Ceratonic siliqua* from each other or other seeds based on their different rDNA, said method comprising the steps of:
 - i) germinating seeds of a plant to form germinated seeds;
 - ii) extracting DNA from the germinated seeds to form extracted DNA;
 - iii) amplifying the extracted DNA using primers ITS2 (SEQ ID NO:4), ITS3 (SEQ ID NO:2), ITS4 (SEQ ID NO:3) and ITS5 (SEQ ID NO:1) to form rDNA amplification products; and
 - iv) detecting the rDNA amplification products, thereby differentiating the seeds of the plant species of Cyamopsis tetragonolobus and Ceratonic siliqua from each other or other seeds.
- 9. The method according to claim 8 wherein said primers are one or more of the pairs ITS5/ITS2 (SEQ ID NO:1/SEQ ID NO:4) and ITS3/ITS4 (SEQ ID NO:2/SEQ ID NO:3).
- 10. The method according to claim 8 further comprising the steps of:
 - v) sequencing the rDNA amplification products; and
 - vi) comparing the sequenced rDNA to one or more of carob tree sequence AJ245575 (SEQ ID NO:8), carob tree sequence AJ245576 (SEQ ID NO:10), guar plant sequence AJ245577 (SEQ ID NO:9) and guar plant sequence AJ245578 (SEQ ID NO:7).
- 11. The method according to claim 9 further comprising the steps of:

- v) digesting the rDNA amplification products with a restriction endonuclease to form restriction fragments of the rDNA;
- vi) resolving the restriction fragments of the rDNA; and
- vii) comparing the resolved restriction fragments of the rDNA to restrictions fragments from one or more of control guar and carob tree DNA digested with the same restriction endonuclease.
- 12. The method according to claim 11 wherein said restriction endonuclease is selected from the group consisting of: BcnI, ClaI, HaeIII, XhoI and SmaI.
- 13. The method according to claim 11 wherein the restriction fragments of the rDNA are resolved by electrophoresis in agarose gels.
- 14. The method according to claim 13 wherein the resolved digestion products are visualized by staining with a DNA detection reagent selected from the group consisting of: ethidium bromide and a fluorescent nucleic acid gel stain.
- 15. A method for specifically distinguishing guar seeds from other seeds, said method comprising the steps of:
 - i) germinating seeds of a plant to form germinated seeds;
 - ii) extracting DNA from the germinated seeds to form extracted DNA;
 - iii) preparing guar-specific primers that are identical to a portion of guar plant sequence AJ245577 (SEQ ID NO:9) or AJ245578 (SEQ ID NO:7) but different from portion of carob tree sequence AJ245575 (SEQ ID NO:8) or AJ245576 (SEQ ID NO:10) that aligns with the portion of guar plant sequence

- iv) amplifying the extracted DNA from step ii using the guar-specific primers from step iii to form rDNA amplification products; and
- v) detecting the rDNA amplification products, thereby specifically distinguishing guar seeds.
- 16. The method according to claim 15 wherein said guarspecific primers are PG21 (SEQ ID NO:4) and PG22 (SEQ ID NO:6).
- 17. A method for detecting the presence of guar gum (E 412) alone or mixed with locust bean gum (E 410) in a gum sample, said method comprising the steps of:
 - i) extracting DNA from a gum sample;
 - ii) amplifying the DNA using guar-specific primers that are identical to a portion of guar plant sequence AJ245577 (SEQ ID NO:9) or AJ245578 (SEQ ID NO:7) to form amplified DNA;
 - iii) detecting the amplification products in the amplified DNA that are specific to guar.
- 18. A method for obtaining extracted DNA from gum samples comprising one or more of guar gum (E 412) and locust bean gum (E 410), comprising the steps of:
 - i) contacting a gum sample comprising DNA and one or more of guar gum (E 412) and locust bean gum (E 410) with an aqueous solution to form an extraction mixture;
 - ii) agitating the extraction mixture at a temperature between 0°C and 100°C for a time period sufficient to permit extraction of DNA from the gum sample into the aqueous solution;

- iii) separating the extraction mixture to obtain an aqueous solution containing extracted DNA and another phase; and
- iv) recovering a sample of the aqueous solution containing extracted DNA.
- 19. The method according to claim 18 wherein said aqueous solution is a buffered aqueous solution.
- 20. The method according to claim 18 wherein said aqueous solution further comprises acetonitrile or ethanol.
- 21. The method according to claim 18 wherein the extraction mixture is agitated at room temperature.
- 22. The method according to claim 18 wherein the extraction mixture is separated by decantation.
- 23. The method according to claim 18 wherein the extraction mixture is separated by centrifugation.
- 24. The method according to claim 23 wherein the centrifugation is at $15,000 \times g$.
- 25. The method according to claim 18 further comprising the step of amplifying the extracted DNA using PCR.
- 26. The method according to claim 25 wherein said amplification utilizes one or more primers having a sequence that is SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, a portion of SEQ ID NO:7 or a portion of SEQ ID NO:9.--